KS4 KO 11 – SPANISH, Theme 3 Topic 3: Education post 16

- A

Key Vocabulary:

Key	vocabulary.	
1	Espero / Me gustaría Pienso / Quiero Tengo la intención de Voy a aprender a conducir aprobar mis exámenes conseguir un buen empleo estudiar una carrera universitaria montar mi propio negocio sacar buenas notas ser feliz trabajar como voluntario/a	I hope to /I would like to I plan to/I want to I intend to I am going to learn to drive pass my exams get a good job study a university course set up my own business get good marks be happy work as a volunteer
2	En el futuro buscaré un trabajo compartiré piso con compraré un coche / una casa iré a otro insti / a la universidad me iré de casa seguiré estudiando en mi insti seré famoso/a me tomaré un año sabático	In the future I will look for a job I will share a flat with I will buy a car / house I will go to another school / to uni I will leave home I will carry on studying at my school I will be famous I will take a gap year
3	aprendería a esquiar ayudaría a construir un colegio enseñaría inglés ganaría mucho dinero iría a España, donde	I would learn to ski I would help to build a school I would teach English I would earn a lot of money I would go to Spain, where
4	mejoraría mi nivel de español nunca olvidaría la experiencia trabajaría en un orfanato	I would improve my level of Spanish I would never forget the experience I would work in an orphanage
5	me apetece trabajar en (no) tengo experiencia previa. he estudiado / trabajado he hecho un curso de	working in appeals to me. I (don't) have previous experience. I've studied / worked I've done a course in
6	Tengo buen sentido del humor buenas capacidades de comunicación resolución de problemas buenas habilidades lingüísticas	I have a good sense of humour good communication problem-solving skills good language skills

Key Verbs:

7 TENER – to have	8 QUERER – to want	9 IR – to go	
Tengo – I have	Quiero – I want	Voy−I go	
Tiene – He/She has	Quiere – He/She wants	Va – He/she goes	
Tenemos – We have	Queremos – We want	Vamos – We go	
Tienen – They have	Quieren – They want	Van – They go	
Tuve – I had	Quise – I wanted	Fui – I went	
Tendré – I will have	Querré – I will want	Iré – I will go	
Tendría – I would have	Quería – I would want	Iría – I would go	

Grammatical Explanations:

10	Near future tense – Is used when you want to say what you are going to do. It is formed by using the present tense of 'IR' + a + infinitive. Voy a estudiar la historia – I am going to study History Voy a ir a una universidad en un ciudad grande – I am going to go to a university in a big city.
11	Future Tense – is used when you want to say you will do something. Iré a la Universidad – I will go to university Estudiaré las matemáticas – I will study Maths
12	Conditional Tense — is used when you say what you would do. You might recognise it as me gustaría — I would like Enseñaría el inglés — I would teach English There are some irregulars — Hacer — to do = haría - I would do Poder — to be able = podría — I would be able Tener — to have = tendría — I would have
13	Phenomenal Phrases – add some of these to your written work: vale la pena = it's worth it al fin y al cabo = all things said and done tengo ganas de = i really want to ime saca de quicio! = it drives me crazy! ojalá fuera = if only i was da lo mismo = it makes no difference

Useful Phrases:

14	Lo que – what (when not asking a question.)
	Lo que me gusta es – what I like is
	Lo que quiero es – what I want is
	Lo = thething
	Lo bueno – the good thing
	Lo interesante – the interesting thing
	Lo bueno es que es - the good thing is that it is

Useful connectives:

.5	por consiguiente entonces igualmente debido a aunque a pesar de asimismo por esta razón por eso	consequently so likewise due to although despite likewise for this reason therefore
	por eso por lo tanto	therefore therefore

Cultural Capital:



Spain's oldest university is the Universidad de Salamanca, dating back to 1218. There are a total of 76 universities in Spain, 45 of which are run and funded by the state, while 31 are private or run by the Catholic Church.



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Key Vocabulary:		
1	How do you say I hope to pass my exams?	
2	How do you say in the future I will go to another school?	
3	How do you say I would teach English?	
4	How do you say I would improve my level of Spanish?	
5	How do you say I've studied?	
6	How do you say I have good communication?	
Key Verbs:		
7	How do you say 'I will have' in Spanish?	
8	How do you say 'I would want' in Spanish?	
9	How do you say 'we go' in Spanish?	



	Grammatical Explanations:		
10	How do you say I'm going to study History in Spanish?		
11	How do you say I will go to university?		
12	How do you say I would be able to workin Spanish? (trabajar)		
13	How do you say it's worth it and it drives me crazy?		
	Useful structures:		
14	How do you saywhat I want is?		
Useful connectives:			
15	How do you say 'although', 'so' and 'therefore'?		
СС	What is the oldest Spanish university?		



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KS4 KO 12 – SPANISH, Theme 3 Topic 4: Jobs, career choices and ambitions





Key Vocabulary:

1	Los trabajos Soy / es Me gustaría ser abogado/a contable funcionario/a albañil diseñador/a serías un buen/a	Jobs I am / he/she is I would like to be a lawyer an accountant a civil servant a builder a designer you would be a good
2	Tengo que/Suelo (+ inf) cuidar a los clientes contestar llamadas enseñar a los niños/estudiantes trabajar en una oficina/ un hospital vender ropa de marca viajar por todo el mundo	I have to / I usually look after the customers answer calls teach children/students work in an office/ a hospital sell designer clothes travel the world
3	Para ganar dinero reparto periódicos hago de canguro ayudo con las tareas domésticas paseo al perro	To earn money I deliver newspapers I babysit I help with chores at home I walk the dog
4	Hice mis prácticas laborales en un polideportivo una tienda benéfica la empresa de mi madre una fábrica de juguetes	I did my work experience in a sports centre a charity shop my mum's company a toy factory
5	Durante un año sabático apoyaría un Proyecto haría un viaje en Interrail pasaría un año en viajaría con mochila por el mundo	During a gap year I would support a project I would go Interrailing I would spend a year in I would go backpacking around the world
6	Aprender idiomas Aumenta tu confianza Estimula el cerebro Mejora tus perspectivas laborales Te permite apreciar la vida cultural de otros países	Learning languages It increases your confidence It stimulates the brain It improves your job prospects It allows you to Appreciate the culture of other countries

Key Verbs:

	7	TRABAJAR – to work	8	GANAR- to earn	9	SER – to be
Trabajo – I work Trabaja – He/She works Trabajamos – We work Trabajan – They work		Gano – I earn Gana – He/She earns Ganamos – We earn Ganan – They earn		Soy – I am Es – He/she is Somos – We are Son – They are		
Trabajé – I worked Trabajaré – I will work Trabajaría – I would work		Gané – I earnt Ganaré – I will earn Ganaría – I would earn		Fui – I was Seré – I will be Sería – I would be		

Grammatical Explanations:

10	The imperfect tense – is used when we talk about something we used to do in the past e.g. Trabajaba en una tienda de ropa – I used to work in a clothes shop
11	Talking about the future – structure + infinitive verb Espero – I hope to Tengo la intención de – I intend to Quiero – I want to e.g. Espero ir a la universidad – I hope to go to university
12	Cuando + present subjunctive Cuando When sea mayor I am older gane bastante dinero earn enough money vaya a la universidad go to university tenga años am years old
13	Key subjunctive phrases Si pudiera tomarme un año sabático If I could take a gap year Si tuviera bastante dinero If I had enough money

Time Phrases:		
14	el año pasado hace años hoy en día éste año el año que viene	last year years ago nowadays this year next year
	en años	in years

Si fuera más ambicioso/a... If I were more ambitious...

Useful Adjectives:

15	En mi opinión Pienso que	In my opinion I think that
	es	it's
	emocionante	exciting
	exigente	demanding
	monótono	monotonous
	Soy	I am
	ambicioso/a	ambitious
	comprensivo/a	understanding
	trabajador/a	hardworking

Cultural Capital:



The Balearic Islands (The four main islands are Mallorca, Menorca, Ibiza & Formentera) are really popular for young people from around the world to find summer jobs. The most common jobs are in the tourist industry in restaurants and hotels.



KS4 KO 12 – SPANISH, Theme 3 Topic 4: Jobs, career choices and ambitions

Key Vocabulary:			
1	How do you say I would like to be a designer?		
2	How do you say I have to work in an office?		
3	How do you say to earn money I babysit?		
4	How do you say I did my work experience in a charity shop?		
5	How do you say during a gap year I would support a project?		
6	How do you say learning languages improves your job prospects?		
Key Verbs:			
7	How do you say 'she works' in Spanish?		
8	How do you say 'I will earn' in Spanish?		
9	How do you say 'I would be' in Spanish?		



	Grammatical Explanations:		
10	How do you say I used to work in a clothes shop?		
11	How do you say I hope to go to university?		
12	How do you say when I am older?		
13	How do you say if I had enough money?		
	Time phrases:		
14	How do you say 'in 10 years', '5 years ago' and 'nowadays'?		
Useful adjectives:			
15	How do you say 'I think that it would be demanding but I am ambitious'?		
СС	What are the four main Balearic islands?		





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