Topic: Punctuation	on and Grammar	Yea	r: 4		Strand	d: English Curriculun	n	
Fronted adverbials						Vocab	ula	
Time	Location		Fe	elings/manner	Adjecti	ive A word that adds	A word that adds m	
Today, Yesterday, On Monday,	Over the mountain, In the distance,		Anxiously In a flash	,	Adverb	A word that adds		
In the blink of an eye,	On the shore, In the house,		Suddenly, Nervously,			oial A group of words	; th	
Later, Recently,	Down the stairs, Outside,		Curiously, Joyfully,		Comman	nd Tells you to do so Get in the car.	me	
In June, After dusk,	Around the corner, On the boat,		Frantically As fast as	/, sshe could,	F. I.	Usually begin with	h'ł	
	Fronted advert				Exclama	including a verb.	Wh	
A sentence that includes to describe the action th			_		Noun	Names of things abstract (ideas, e		
ing.	er todav <i>T at</i>	to my		Main clause	Paragra			

		•					
Creating expanded	noun	phrases	to	develop	a	clear	picture.

Fronted adverbial

Normally followed by comma

Noun	Dragon	
Determiner The dragon		Reporting clause
Adjectives	articles demonstratives	
(comma between		possessives
the adjectives)		quantifiers numbers
Prepositions or use	The fearsome, mighty dragon sailed across the sky.	question words
"with" to add fur-	The fearsome, mighty dragon with razor sharp fangs.	Det
ther information.	The feet come, might feet agon with tazor onar p fango.	iden

Vocabulary					
	·				
Adjective	A word that adds more information about a noun.				
Adverb	A word that adds more information about verbs,				
Adverb	adjectives or other adverbs				
Adverbial	A group of words that can function as an adverb				
Command	Tells you to do something. Often urgent and short. Get in the car.				
Exclamation	Usually begin with 'How' or 'What. Full sentence including a verb. What happened to your car!				
Noun	Names of things that we can touch (concrete) and abstract (ideas, emotions).				
Paragraph	Connected sentence about one idea or theme.				
D	Shows the relationship between words. usually de-				
Preposition	scribe the position of something, the time when something happens and the way in which something is done.				
Question	Sentences that ask something or show doubts. Is that your car? Usually end with question mark.				
Statement	Sentence that claims something as truth. My car is blue. Ends with full stop.				
Reporting	A clause which indicates that you are talking				
clause	about what someone said or thought (said, asked, shouted).				
articles	a boy, an orange, the cat				
demonstratives	this apple, that car, these shops, those girls				
possessives	his hat, her homework, my book, their house				

Determiners go before a noun to identify it in further detail.

some rice, each word, every box

one chair, two men, three dogs

Paragraphs

- Ti stands for Time, so start a new paragraph for a different time period.
- P stands for Place, so start a new paragraph for each new place.
- To stands for Topic, so start a new paragraph for each new topic, idea or subject.
- P stands for Person, so start a new paragraph for each new person or change of speaker in a dialogue

In non-fiction a paragraph represents a group of sentences with a common

Pronouns

A function word used in place of a noun or noun phrase.

They can be used to avoid repetition whilst maintaining clarity in writing.

Sandra went to the beach. Sandra met Molly, Rebecca and Susan at the beach and Sandra, Molly Rebecca and Susan bought an ice-cream.

'She' represents Sandra.

'there' refers to the beach

Better if...

Sandra went to the beach. She met Molly, Rebecca and Susan there and they bought an ice-cream.

'they' now refers to the collective of Molly, Rebeca and Susan

Apostrophe for omission

Words that are contracted to require an apostrophe for the omitted words (letters removed)

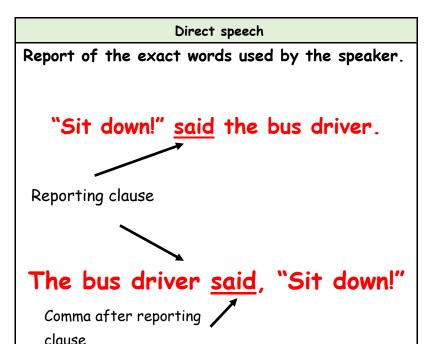
I am

Do not

I'm

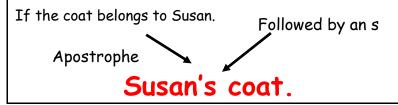
Don't

Contracted words often indicate informal language.



Apostrophe for possession

Using an apostrophe for possession indicates that something is owned by someone.



End of year expectations

- To expand noun phrases with the addition of modifying adjectives, nouns and prepositional phrase.
- Use fronted adverbials.
- Use paragraphs to organise ideas around a theme.
- Make appropriate choice of pronoun or noun within and across sentences to aid cohesion.
- Use a comma after fronted adverbial
- Use apostrophes for possession and omission.
- Use inverted commas after the reporting clause.

Question 1: 'In the morning' is an example of	Start of unit:	End of unit:	Question 5: Tick the prepositions. Under	Start of unit:	End of unit:	Question 8: Write four reasons to change paragraph	Start of unit:	End o
Future tense			Was					
Past tense			Fierce					
A fronted adverbial			Above					
Main clause			Question 6: Tick the correctly	Start of	End of			
Question 2: Tick the correct			punctuated sentence	unit:	unit:	Question 6: Write the con-	Start of	End of
definition of a reporting	Start of	End of	"I enjoy climbing trees" said			tracted form.	unit:	unit:
clause.	unit:	unit:	Mahmoud.			I am		
A clause which indicates that			I enjoy climbing trees, said			Do not		
you are talking about what			Mahmoud.			Would not		
someone said or thought.			"I enjoy climbing trees, " said					
Shows the relationship be-			Mahmoud.			Will not		
tween words.			"I enjoy climbing trees", said				I	
Tells you to do something.			Mahmoud.			W F F		
A group of words that can			Question 7: What are deter-	Start of	End of			
function as an adverb	G		miners?	unit:				
Question 3: Apostrophes are	Start of	End of		uiiit.	unit:			
used to (tick all that apply)	unit:	unit:	Words that add more detail					
Show that letters have been			Words that identify nouns in			TATAL		
omitted.			more detail					
Indicated speech		1	Words used to describe					
Show possession			Words used to describe				71	
Separate clauses			Used in place of nouns.					
Question 4: 'she' is an example of	Start of unit:	End of unit:		10	. Write an	n expanded noun phrase to d	escribe the	e image
pie or	unit.	unit.				Sta	art of unit	
A noun								
An adjective								
A pronoun						En	d of unit	
A verb.							-	

Year: 4

Topic: Punctuation and Grammar

Strand: English Curriculum

End of