

Humanities Learning Map





History							
Year	Auto	umn	S	pring	Sur	nmer	
Nursery	Discuss our families and the diffe	erent roles of family members.	Link their sense of family with the family of others.	Elves and the Shoemakers- Look at old shoes and compare to modern shoes.	Talk about significant events in thei		
Reception	My family – past and present events in their lives and the lives of others.	Discussing family events and use family photographs and discuss celebrating differences between families	they have received (linked to T		Discussing journeys that the children they have visited (past visits)	en have been on and the places	
Year 1	<u>Technolog</u> Compare toys and technology in <i>Changes within living memory</i>	iv and toys the past to present	Who are they and what are the Link with animals and dinosau	in the past who have contributed to	Canals- Transport Children will look at the old Runcorn Runcorn Bridge. They will then look the transport (and how it has develo Changes within living memory	at the Bridges links to canals and	
Year 2	<u>Now and then</u> Change in Technology Past VS Present <i>Changes within living memory</i>	<u>History of transport</u> Steam trains vs Modern trains. <i>Changes within living memory</i>	The three bridges	al history	The great fire of London. How did it influence a change in building materials in London? Events beyond living memory that are significant nationally or globally	Queen Elizabeth Who is the Queen? Why is she significant? Hi1/1.3 the lives of significant individuals in the past who have contributed to national and international achievements. Some should be used to compare aspects of life in different periods	
Year 3	Stone Children will study how they lived will compare their life to now. Claremont Farm (Clatter bridge) Changes in Britain from the Stor		Anc What did they bring to civilisati Children will look at Artefacts, The achievement of earliest ci	burials, tombs and pyramids.	<u>Ma</u> Children will look at who ruled, wha (houses/jobs/food) and compare it <i>A non-European society that provid</i>	to life now.	
Year 4	Ancient Greek Children will look at the life, achievements and influences on the western world. Pupils should be taught a study of Greek life and achievements and their influence on the western world		<u>Julius Ceasar's attempted invasion 55-54BC</u> Children will study the power of The Roman Empire by AD42. They will look at the Roman roads, Boudica, Caluidius the conquerer, Roman slaves and the impact this had on Britain <i>The Roman Empire and its impact on Britain</i>		 Evacuation- WW2 A day in the life of an evacuee Children will look closely at the life of an evacuee and the impacts and daily struggles they suffered. Pupils should be taught a study of an aspect or theme in British History that extends pupils' chronological knowledge beyond 1066 		
Year 5	Vikings – Invasion and Settlen Who, why, where, what, when en Use of sources to investigate the York visit/ settlement – what it m King Alfred the Great/ Danelaw Impact invasion had on Britain.	nquiry. e monasteries raid	England to the time of Edward	truggle for the Kingdom of England	Holocaust Children will focus on segregation and look at the famous figure Anne Frank.	Local history study- How to be a Halton Knight. Children will trace several aspects of Normans and how they link to the local area (focusing upon Halton castle). They will Look at	



	The Viking and Anglo-Saxon struggle for the Kingdom of England to the time of Edwards the Confessor		designs of castles linking to the rebuild of Halton. They will also look at Motte and Bailey castle. Focus upon the role of a knight within the castle. <i>A local history study</i>	
Year 6	Victorian: Dark Age or Golden Age? Water ways: canals A study of an aspect or theme in British History that extends pupils' chronological knowledge beyond 1066	Baghdad Pupils should be taught about a non-European society that provides contrasts with British history - early Islamic civilization, including a study of Baghdad c. AD 900;	<u>Crime and Punishment</u> Pupils should be taught a study of an aspect or theme in British history that extends pupils' chronological knowledge beyond 1066 - changes in an aspect of social history, such as crime and punishment from the Anglo-Saxons to the present or leisure and entertainment in the 20th Century St Georges Hall Jail	
Year 7	A nation of immigrants (Pre 1066) Where do the English come from? Romans, Anglo-Saxons, Vikings and Normans A nation of immigrants (1066) Investigating how William I was able to conquer England through a variety of methods.	Who ruled England? Development of church, state and society 1066-1381) How important was the Monarchy and the Church in Medieval England? Who ruled England? Development of church, state and society 1381-1536) How did religion and money help tear apart England and unify Britain?	Who ruled England? Development of church, state and society (1536-1700s) How did religion and money help tear apart England and unify Britain? Who ruled Britain? Development of church, state and society (1750 – 1860s) How did nature of the British change? A time of revolution.	
Year 8	How did Britain change from pre-history to the modern times through a thematic study of the changing nature of crime and punishment? Is England Great? (1066-1745) The Crusades – Was the only reason for going to the Holy Land for God? C16th African Kingdoms.	Is Britain Great? (1745-1901) Slave trade. The British Empire – How and why did the British Empire grow and what impact did this have? Is Britain Great? (1901 onwards). The collapse of the British Empire, the causes and impact of immigration on the United Kingdom.	What was the First World War (1914-1918) The cause and consequences and changes linked to the First World War. What was the Second World War (1939-1945 The cause and consequences and changes linked to the Second World Ward including how can people cause change to society?	
	Year 9 will follow a	new order of study agreed on by all secondary school within th		
Year 9	How has conflict in the C20th and C21st changed? Charting the changing nature of Britain's role in global conflict from Korea to the War on Terror. How did Germany become a dictatorship? Germany Democracy to dictatorship 1919-39 (Weimar Germany from the Treaty of Versailles)	How did Germany become a dictatorship? Germany Democracy to dictatorship 1919-39 (Weimar Germany from the Treaty of Versailles) How did Germany become a dictatorship? Germany Democracy to dictatorship 1919-39 (Weimar Germany from the Treaty of Versailles)	What is the USA? Investigating the history of USA from 1835 to 1890 and how the concept of Manifest Destiny was realised?	
	Year 10 & 11 will continue to follow the previous	order of study to make sure they have covered all topics and are	e fully prepared for their GCSE exams	
Year 10	AQA GCSE Specification Conflict and Tension Peace-making The League of Nations and international peace The origins and the outbreak of World War Two	AQA GCSE specification USA; Opportunity and inequality The Boom The Depression and the New Deal Post War America		
Year 11	AQA GCSE specification Thematic study: Britain; Health and the people, C1000- present Medieval and Early Modern Medicine. Changes to medicine during the Industrial Revolution. Modern medicine	AQA GCSE specification Elizabethan England Elizabeth's court and Parliament Trouble at home Life in Elizabethan time Troubles abroad		

Geography

Year	Autumn	Summer	
Nursery	Discuss and investigate the seasonal changes. Investigate and discuss celebrations	Look at the natural world and growth of plants, trees and animals linked to Spring. Focus on different textures and materials when constructing houses and bridges linked to stories. Locating China on a map and discussing the differences in where we live linking to Chinese New Year.	Using technology and Locate beaches and Using technology to about space and rock
Reception	Discussing different places to live linked to the book 'Where the wild things are. Locate where Santa and the Elves live in the North Pole.	Looking at different environments (forests and China) and making comparisons to where we live. Looking at maps of different places.	Discussing features of how they vary from of Discussing journeys they have visited. Wh across on their travel places with transport
Year 1	Map skills- map of UK four countries, capital cities and seas. Knowledge of places around us and how we travel. Weather cross-curricular links with Science.	Identify places where dinosaurs lived. Identify seasonal and daily weather patterns in the United Kingdom and the location of hot and cold areas of the world in relation to the Equator and the North and South Poles	Exploring different to Key human features, house, office, port, ha Key human features house, office, port, h
Year 2	Name and locate the world's 7 continents and 5 oceans. Name, locate and identify characteristics of the 4 countries and capital cities of the United Kingdom and its surrounding seas	Understand geographical similarities and differences through studying the human and physical geography of a small area of the United Kingdom, and of a small area in a contrasting non- European country	Use basic geographi including: beach, clif soil, valley, vegetatic to Delamere Forest.
Year 3	Locate the world's countries, using maps to focus on Europe (including the location of Russia) and North and South America, concentrating on their environmental regions, key physical and human characteristics, countries, and major cities Links to History Stone Age and Continents involving.	Ge2/1.3a describe and understand key aspects of physical geography - volcanoes and earthquakes	Place knowledge Me Use maps, atlases, g countries and descri
Year 4	Ge2/1.3b describe and understand key aspects of human geography, including: types of settlement and land use , economic activity including trade links, and the distribution of natural resources including energy, food, minerals and water	Describe and understand key aspects of physical geography, including: labelling the main features of rivers and mountains. Know the name of and locate a number of the world's longest rivers Know the names of a number of the world's highest mountains.	Identify the position a Northern Hemisphere and Capricorn, Arctic Meridian and time zo
Year 5	Ge2/1.1b name and locate counties and cities of the United Kingdom, geographical regions and their identifying human and physical characteristics, key topographical features (including hills, mountains, coasts and rivers), and land-use patterns; and understand how some of these aspects have changed over time	Ge2/1.4b use the 8 points of a compass, 4 and 6-figure grid references, symbols and key (including the use of Ordnance Survey maps) to build their knowledge of the United Kingdom and the wider world	Ge2/1.2a understant through the study of United Kingdom, a re North or South Amer Rainforest
Year 6	Ge2/1.3a describe and understand key aspects of physical geography, including: climate zones, biomes and vegetation belts and the water cycle	Ge2/1.3b describe and understand key aspects of human geography, including: types of settlement and land use, economic activity including trade links, and the distribution of natural resources including energy, food, minerals and water	Locational knowledge focus on Europe (inc South America, conc physical and human fieldwork to observe, physical features in t sketch maps, plans a
Year 7	Geographical skills What is a Geographer? Skills and fundamentals. What is my Geography? Cultural Continents (How much of North America is America? Highlands and Islands of Oceania),	What are the Physical Landscapes of the North West? Coasts – Formby/Southport coastline Rivers – The River Mersey, the River Alt What are the Physical Landscapes of the North West? Glaciation – National Parks and the Lake District, Mars bar glaciation.	How Equal is Develo Location Economic developme How Equal is Develo Impact of Developme Coal McGlobalisation
Year 8	What are The Hazards and Future of Our Planet? What are hazards? Causes/effects/responses to climate change. Hurricanes – increased frequency due to climate change. What are The Hazards and Future of Our Planet?	What Are the Characteristics of Extreme Environments? Polar, tropical rainforest, desert. What Are the Characteristics of Extreme Environments? How has climate change affected these regions? Development, tourism, sustainability.	How Are Trade and A Location TNCs How Are Trac Location TNCs

Spring

and information books to study the undersea life. Ind Oceans on a world map.

to role-play a space station and find information ockets.

s of both their home and school environment and one another.

vs that the children have been on and the places What different jobs might the children have come vels? Exploring different ways of moving to different prt.

towns and our local place

es, including: city, town, village, factory, farm, harbour and shop

es, including: city, town, village, factory, farm, harbour and shop

bhical vocabulary to refer to: key physical features, cliff, coast, forest, hill, mountain, sea, ocean, river, tion, season and weather. Link to Residential/trip st.

Anterica (South America) Settlements of Mayans s, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate cribe features studied

n and significance of latitude, longitude, Equator, ere, Southern Hemisphere, the Tropics of Cancer tic and Antarctic Circle, the Prime/Greenwich zones (including day and night)

tand geographical similarities and differences of human and physical geography of a region of the region in a European country, and a region in erica

dge: locate the world's countries, using maps to ncluding the location of Russia) and North and ncentrating on their environmental regions, key an characteristics, countries, and major cities. Use ve, measure, record and present the human and in the local area using a range of methods, including s and graphs, and digital technologies elopment Across Asia?

ment (including sectors of industry – fish fingers!) elopment Across Asia? nent

d Aid Affecting Africa?

ade and Aid Affecting Africa?

	Forest fires in Australia – link to	climate change.			Manufacturing		
	Super volcanoes/tsunamis.				Aid		
					Logos		
	Why Does Geology Rock?		Where Is the Geography in Crime		Why Is Geography Important in S		
	What are the Earth's Natural res	sources? where do we find	Local crime – where/figures/hot s			eoples' project, LFC redevelopment,	
	them?	a 1	Cybercrime – global issues, map	ping.	rugby in Widnes.		
	Local, national and global geolog	gy.	Middle East, Afghanistan	as to arima/conflict a g. China and	Sweatshops and Nike		
	Soil profiles. Links to tectonics.		Tibet.	se to crime/conflict e.g. China and	Stacey Dooley: Fashion's Dirty Se	ecrets Why Is Geography	
	Why Does Geology Rock?		Where Is the Geography in Crime	and Conflict?	Important in Sport and Fashion?	crets why is deography	
Year 9	What are the Earth's Natural res	sources? Where do we find	Local crime – where/figures/hot s			eoples' project, LFC redevelopment,	
	them?		Cybercrime – global issues, map	ping.	rugby in Widnes.		
	Local, national and global geolog	av.	Middle East, Afghanistan		Sweatshops and Nike		
	Soil profiles.			se to crime/conflict e.g. China and	TNCs		
	Links to tectonics.		Tibet.	U U	Stacey Dooley: Fashion's Dirty Secrets		
				la dia mandra ang 🖅 data sa			
Year 10	AQA GCSE specification		Urban Issues and challenges incl	luaing Human Fieldwork	Physical Landscapes in the UK (R	sivers and Coasts) and physical	
AQA GCSE	The Changing Economic World Global variation		Population growth Urban growth		fieldwork		
Specification	Global development		Geographical fieldwork		Rivers and coasts Feature and processes of rivers and coasts.		
	Nigeria		Suitable questions		Geographical fieldwork		
	The Challenge of Natural Hazar	ds	Measuring and recording data		Suitable questions		
	Tectonic hazards – features pro		Data collection and interpretation		Measuring and recording data		
	The Challenge of Natural Hazar				Data collection and interpretation		
	Tectonic hazards – features pro						
	Climatic hazards – features, pro						
Year 11	The Living World (Ecosystems)		Resource Management				
AQA GCSE	What is an ecosystem		Food				
Specification	Scales of ecosystem		Water Energy		Exam prep		
	Rainforests		Geographical investigation and fieldwork revisited		AQA GCSE specification revision		
	Hot desert ecosystems Cold environments		Pre-release material				
	Desertification						
			RE				
Year	Aut	umn	Sp	ring	Sur	nmer	
Nursery	Theme: My family	Theme: Celebration	Look at the natural world and	Theme: Easter	Theme: Special people	Theme: Difference	
N1 and N2	Key question: Who lives in my	Key question: Why do we	growth of plants, trees and	Key question: Why do we give	Key question: Why do we	Key question: How are we all	
	house?	give presents?	animals linked to Spring	eggs at Easter?	celebratespecial people?	different?	
					Link with Father's day.		
Early years	Theme:	Theme:	Theme:	Theme:	Theme:	Theme:	
	Special People	Christmas	Celebrations	Easter	Stories	Special Places	
	Key Question:	Concept: Incarnation	Key Question:	Concept: Salvation	Key Question:	Key Question:	
	What makes people special?	Key Question:	How do people celebrate?	Key Question:	What can we learn from	What makes places special?	
	Religions: Christianity,	What is Christmas?	Religions: Hinduism	What is Easter?	stories?	Religions: Christianity, Islam,	
	Judaism	Religion: Christianity		Religion: Christianity	Religions: Christianity, Islam,	Judaism	
	Theme:	Theme:	Theme:	Theme:	Hinduism, Sikhism Theme:	Theme:	
	Creation Story	Christmas	Jesus as a friend	Easter - Palm Sunday	Shabbat	Rosh Hashanah and	
Voor 1	Concept: God/Creation	Concept: Incarnation	Concept: Incarnation	Concept: Salvation	Key Question:	Yom Kippur	
Year 1	Key Question:	Key Question:	Key Question:	Key Question:	Is Shabbat important to Jewish	Key Question:	
	Does God want Christians to	What gifts might Christians In	Was it always easy for Jesus to	Why was Jesus welcomed	children?	Are Rosh Hashanah and Yom	
	look after the world?	my town have given Jesus if	show friendship?	like a king or celebrity by the	Religion: Judaism	Kippur important to Jewish	
	Religion: Christianity	he	Religion: Christianity	crowds on Palm Sunday?		children?	
				Religion: Christianity		Religion: Judaism	

		had been born here rather				
		than in Bethlehem?				
		Religion: Christianity				
	Theme:	Theme:	Theme:	Theme: Easter - Resurrection	Theme: The Covenant	Theme:
Year 2	What did Jesus teach? Key Question:	Christmas - Jesus as gift from God	Passover Key Question:	Concept: Salvation	Key Question:	Rites of Passage and good works
	Is it possible to be kind to	Concept: Incarnation	How important is it for Jewish	Key Question:	How special is the relationship	Key Question:
	everyone all of the time?	Key Question:	people to do what God asks	How important is it to Christians	Jews have with God?	What is the best way for a Jew
	Religion: Christianity	Why do Christians believe God	them to do? Religion: Judaism	that Jesus came back to life after His crucifixion?	Religion: Judaism	to show commitment to God? Religion: Judaism
		gave Jesus to the world?		Religion: Christianity	Theme:	-
		Religion: Christianity	Theme:		Community and Belonging	Theme:
			Prayer at home Key Question:		Key Question: Does going to a Mosque give	Hajj Key Question:
			Does praying at regular		Muslims a sense of belonging?	Does completing Hajj make a
			intervals help a Muslim in his/		Religion: Islam	person a better Muslim?
			her everyday life? Religion: Islam			Religion: Islam
	Theme:	Theme:	Theme:	Theme:	Theme:	Theme:
	Divali	Christmas	Jesus' Miracles	Easter - Forgiveness	Hindu Beliefs	Pilgrimage to the River Ganges
Year 3	Key Question: Would celebrating Divali at	Concept: Incarnation Key Question:	Concept: Incarnation Key Question:	Concept: Salvation Key Question:	Key Question: How can Brahman be everywhere	Key Question: Would visiting the River Ganges
	home and in the community	Has Christmas lost its true	Could Jesus heal people? Were	What is 'good' about Good	and in everything?	feel special to a non-Hindu?
	bring a feeling of belonging to	meaning? Religion: Christianity	these miracles or is there some other explanation?	Friday? Religion: Christianity	Religion: Hinduism	Religion: Hinduism
	a Hindu child?	Religion. Christianity	Religion: Christianity		Theme:	Theme:
	Religion: Hinduism		5		Sharing and Community	Prayer and Worship
	Theme:				Key Question: Do Sikhs think it is important to	Key Question: What is the best way for a Sikh to
	The Amrit Ceremony and the				share?	show commitment to God?
	Khalsa				Religion: Sikhism	Religion: Sikhism
	Key Question: Does joining the Khalsa make					
	a					
	person a better Sikh?					
	Religion: Sikhism Theme:	Theme:	Theme:	Theme:	Theme:	Theme:
	Beliefs and Practices	Christmas	Passover	Easter	Rites of Passage and good	Prayer and Worship
Year 4	Key Question:	Concept: Incarnation Key Question:	Key Question:	Concept: Salvation Key Question:	works Key Question:	Key Question:
	How special is the relationship Jews have with God?	What is the most significant	How important is it for Jewish people to do what God asks	Is forgiveness always possible	What is the best way for a Jew	Do people need to go to church to show they are Christians?
	Religion: Judaism	part of the nativity story for	them to do?	for Christians?	to show commitment to God?	Religion: Christianity
	Theme:	Christians today? Religion: Christianity	Religion: Judaism	Religion: Christianity	Religion: Judaism	
	Buddha's teachings		Theme:		Theme:	
	Key Question:		The 8-fold path		The 8-fold path	
	Is it possible for everyone to be		Key Question: Can the Buddha's teachings		Key Question: What is the best way for a	
	happy?		make the world a better place?		Buddhist to lead a good life?	
	Religion: Buddhism	The second	Religion: Buddhism	Therese	Religion: Buddhism	Therese
	Theme: Prayer and Worship	Theme: Christmas	Theme: Beliefs and moral values	Theme: Easter	Theme: Beliefs and moral values	Theme: Prayer and Worship
Year 5	Key Question:	Concept: Incarnation	Key Question:	Concept: Salvation	Key Question:	Key Question:
	What is the best way for a	Key Question:	Are Sikh stories important	Key Question:	Do beliefs in Karma, Samsara	What is the best way for a Sikh
	Hindu to show commitment to God?	Is the Christmas story true? Religion: Christianity	today? Religion: Sikhism	How significant is it for Christians to believe God	and Moksha help Hindus lead good lives?	to show commitment to God? Religion: Sikhism
	Religion: Hinduism			intended Jesus to die?	Religion: Hinduism	
	Thoma:	Thomas	Thoma:	Religion: Christianity	Thoma:	
	Theme:	Theme:	Theme:	Theme:	Theme:	

Year 6	Beliefs and Practices Key Question: What is the best way for a Muslim to show commitment to God? Religion: Islam	Christmas Concept: Incarnation Key Question: How significant is it that Mary was Jesus' mother? Religion: Christianity Theme: Christmas Concept: Incarnation Key Question: Do Christmas celebrations and traditions help Christians understand who Jesus was and why he was born? Religion: Christianity	Beliefs and Meaning Concept: Salvation Key Question: Is anything ever eternal? Religion: Christianity	Easter Concept: Gospel Key Question: Is Christianity still a strong religion 2000 years after Jesus was on Earth? Religion: Christianity	Beliefs and moral val Key Question: Does belief in Akhiral lives? Religion: Islam NB: This end
Year 7	What is the church? Why should we study religion? Christianity - In this unit students will investigate issues of diversity and belonging within the Christian community. Many students will associate the idea of church with the building rather than the people or community – their understanding of this should develop throughout this unit. They will also consider what it means to be a Christian – is it more than just a tick in a box or water on a baby's head. Is it something that someone else can choose for you? Can you be born a Christian or is it something you become? Lancashire SACRE		What unites the Umah? In this unit students will investigate the beliefs and values of Islam. They will explore the idea that some actions have a deeper meaning and significance, particularly within religious life. They should develop an understanding of spirituality and reflect on the importance of rituals. Students will review the 5 Pillars as a foundation for belief and gain a detailed knowledge and understanding of Hajj – the importance of Makkah, aspects of the life of the Prophet Muhammad (pbuh), the importance of the Ummah, core beliefs – submission to the will of God, including Tawhid, Salah and Shaytan. They should compare the idea of an outer/inner journey with religious ritual – the outer action with an inner meaning. Lancashire SACRE		Judaism – More than The title of this unit is Strictly Kosher – 'Far describe what being decide if this is a goo of this at the start of t validity of the descrip life, foods and festiva consider the deeper engage with the issue Lancashire SACRE
Year 8	Christianity – God – What is the truth? Throughout this unit students will investigate Christian beliefs about God and ways in which Christians might believe that God reveals himself to the world. They should develop their understanding of the nature of religion and belief, and the impact that faith may have on the life of a believer. This unit aims to develop skills of questioning, analysis and evaluation. Students should be encouraged to understand the complex nature of religion, and that there are often differences of opinion and forms of expression within a religion. Lancashire SACRE		them a sense of purpose or duty in life. This unit will introduce Hindu beliefs about life after death – in relation to how this might be viewed as a reward or punishment for how a person has lived. The main focus is about how having a religious belief might affect a person's behaviour, the choices they make in life and if their faith would lead		Islam – Is there an ul In this unit students w is the one true God w revelation of the Qur' divisions over leaders Muhammad (pbuh). S be influenced by the example of the Proph Lancashire SACRE
Year 9	Islam – How should a British Muslim lead a good life? In this unit students will investigate how and why the Qur'an is instrumental in providing guidance on how to live life as a Muslim. They will investigate the importance of equality and diversity in Islam, through exploring Islamic teachings, beliefs and practices within British society. Students will explore the role of women in Islam and consider why charity/charitable acts are important to all Muslims. They will investigate attitudes towards obedience and the consequences of disobeying authority - including when differing authorities are in conflict over an issue. Lancashire SACRE				the differing ideas abo that people make deci vil and morality. They v

Aspire for Excellence

rah (life after death) help Muslims lead good

enquiry is taught in 2 sections over the term

an family, food and festivals? is taken from an episode of the TV programme amily, Food and Festivals' is a phrase used to g Jewish is all about. This unit asks students to ood description. It is important that they are aware of the unit so that their learning is an enquiry into the ription as opposed to simply learning about family vals of Judaism. They should be encouraged to er meanings of these beliefs and actions and sue of religious identity and expression.

ultimate authority? s will investigate the central Islamic belief that Allah d with no partners or equal. They will learn about the ur'an and the development of Islam, including ership following the death of the Prophet b. Students will consider how Muslims today might be message of the Qur'an and by the teachings and ophet Muhammad (pbuh).

n we die? bout what happens after death and how belief in a ecisions during their life. This will include an y will consider how funeral rites reflect beliefs and